

# Vaje za vezave leve roke

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Vaje so namenjene treningu izvajanja vezav leve roke.

Na prvi strani je izpisana celotna vaja, tako potem vadimo ostale primere.

- ❖ Za lažje izvajanje vezav začni v višji legi (npr. v peti ali sedmi) in se potem spuščaj v prvo lego.

Nad notami so zapisane številke prstov leve roke. Prvo noto odigramo v desni roki in nato z levo roko naredimo vezavo, da dobimo drugi ton.

- ❖ Za uspešno vezavo mora biti prst, ki bo naredil vezavo, pokončno nad poljem v katerega bo udaril. Nato s hitrim in močnim gibom udarimo s prstom leve roke v struno (kot kladivo ☺).
- ❖ Prvi ton odigraj malo tišje (mezzopiano). Če slišiš oba tona enako glasna, potem je vezava uspešna.

Veselo na delo!

**LIGADOS SIMPLES DESCENDENTES** *DESCENDING SIMPLE LEGATO*

## Dedos inmediatos

En los ligados descendentes conviene colocar el segundo dedo del ligado con anticipación.

### *Adjacent fingers*

*In the descending legato it is advisable to place the second finger of the legato beforehand.*

El dedo que efectúa el ligado, una vez liberado, debe ir a colocarse en la cuerda siguiente, pero no puede efectuar el ligado hasta tanto el otro dedo esté ubicado con anticipación.

*Once free, the finger which performs the legato should move to the following string, but the legato cannot be performed until the other finger has already been placed in position.*

Ej. 14 (dec 4 a 3)

etc.

## Dedos salteados

### Non-adjacent fingers

Ej. 16 (de 4 a 2)

etc.

**ADVERTENCIA**

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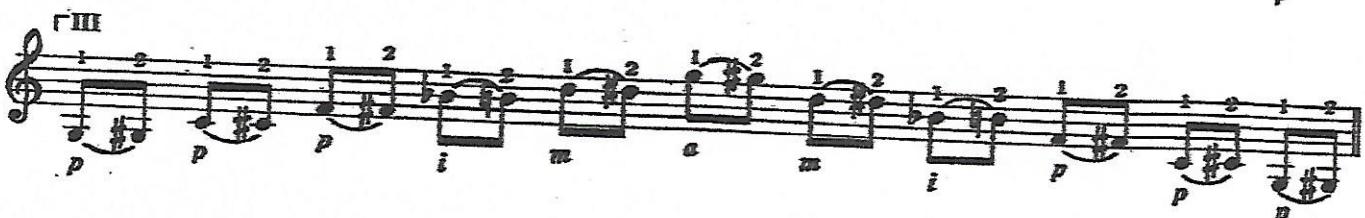
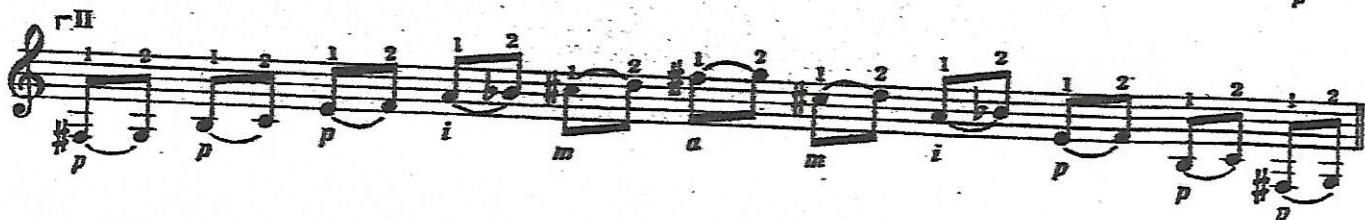
**LIGADOS****LEGATO**

# LIGADOS SIMPLES ASCENDENTES      ASCENDING SIMPLE LEGATO

## Dedos inmediatos

*Adjacent fingers*

Ej. 1 (de 1 a 2)



Descender cromáticamente hasta la primera posición.

Descend chromatically to first position.

Todos los ejercicios deben realizarse como en el ejemplo precedente, ascendiendo cromáticamente hasta la quinta posición como mínimo, para luego descender de la misma manera hasta la primera posición.

Los números romanos indican los cambios de posición de la mano izquierda, el dedo que marca la posición es el dedo 1, aunque el mismo no se encuentre eventualmente colocado en el diapasón.

All the exercises must be performed as in the former example, ascending chromatically up to fifth position as a minimum, and then descending in the same manner to first position.

Roman numerals indicate changes of position of the left hand, the finger that governs position is finger 1, though it may not eventually be placed on the finger-board.

Ej. 2 (de 2 a 3)

This musical example shows a series of eighth-note patterns on a single staff. Fingerings indicate a sequence from 2 to 3, with 'p' dynamics and 'm' markings. The pattern repeats with variations in the second half.

Ej. 3 (de 3 a 4)

This musical example shows a series of eighth-note patterns on a single staff. Fingerings indicate a sequence from 3 to 4, with 'p' dynamics and 'm' markings. The pattern repeats with variations in the second half.

### Dedos salteados

### *Non-adjacent fingers*

Ej. 4 (de 1 a 3)

This musical example shows a series of eighth-note patterns on a single staff. Fingerings indicate a sequence from 1 to 3, with 'p' dynamics and 'm' markings. The pattern repeats with variations in the second half.

Ej. 5 (de 2 a 4)

This musical example shows a series of eighth-note patterns on a single staff. Fingerings indicate a sequence from 2 to 4, with circled '3' and '4' above certain notes, and 'p' dynamics and 'm' markings. The pattern repeats with variations in the second half.

Ej. 6 (de 1 a 4)

This musical example shows a series of eighth-note patterns on a single staff. Fingerings indicate a sequence from 1 to 4, with circled '3' and '4' above certain notes, and 'p' dynamics and 'm' markings. The pattern repeats with variations in the second half.

### Combinaciones

### *Combinations*

Ej. 7

This musical example shows a series of eighth-note patterns on a single staff. It combines fingerings for various sequences like 1-3-2-4, 3-4-2-4, etc., with 'p' dynamics and 'm' markings. The pattern repeats with variations in the second half.

This block shows the continuation of the musical example from Ej. 7, featuring more complex combinations of fingerings and dynamics across multiple measures.